GU140x16G-K610A7

CON1

10

Async

5V

Nc

No

0V

Nc

TXD

MB

HB

/RES

RXD

5V

SCK

SIN

0V

SOUT

/IRQ

/RES

MB

NC

5V

Nc

SCL

Nc

0V

Nc

SDA

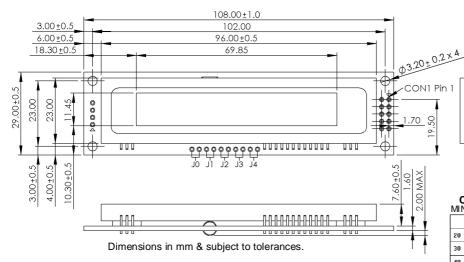
MB

NC

/RES

- q 140 x 16 High Brightness Dot Graphic Display
- q Single 5V DC Supply
- q 4 Fonts (5x5, 5x7, 10x14, 7x15)
- q International & Cyrillic Fonts
- q Asynchronous, SPI & I2C
- q Hardware Fixed Communication Settings

The module includes the VFD glass, VF drivers and microcontroller, character generation, interface logic and DC/DC converter. The interface type is hardware fixed and is selected by jumper links.



 CHARACTER SETS

 MINI FONT
 00
 01
 02
 03
 04
 05
 06
 07
 08
 09
 04
 08
 0C
 0D
 0E
 0F

 20
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1

5x7, 7x15 & 10x14 FONTS

	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	OA	ОВ	ОС	OD	0E	OF
20			**	#	\$	7,	8.	7	()	*	+	2			./
30	0		Q.	M	4	5	6	7	8	9	::	2.7	<	::::	>	?
40	a	Œ			D	Е	F	9	Н	I	J	K		Ξ	Н	Ò
50	P	S	R	ា	1	U	Ų	W	X	Υ	Z		1	;	ŧ.	
60	•	II,	Ĥ				Ť	9	h	i	J.	K	,i	Ξ	m	
70	p =-	ij	٤.,	m	#		Ų	W	×	У	Z	€.		e 175	£	#
80	崖	¢	Ť	Ţ.	Ŀ	04	ï	Ó	455	h.	Θ	Ά.	TL	T	ф	0
90	Σ	Ω	==	×	÷	0	়	E	<u></u>	<u> </u>	#	1	0	J,	())	*
AO	133	-	4		9	ļ	1	·				±	••			
В0	=	7.1	2	m	12	14	18	#	#	100	#		4	23	ŷ٠	۵
CO	曲	Œ	Щ	H	Ħ.	A	Æ	Ç	È	É	Ē	Ë	.4-4	***	Ī	Ϊ
DO		IΖ	Ò	Ó	Ö	៊	Ö	X	ø	Ù	Ú	Ü		9-	þ	β
EO	40		ā	a	ä	e e	æ	Ģ	è	é	ē	ä	. —	٠	ï	ï
FO	Ó	ñ	ò	ó	ö	៊	ö	-÷	φ	ù	Ú	៊	$\ddot{\Box}$	Ý	þ	Ÿ

The module defaults to a 2 line of 23 character display using the 5x7 font with single pixel spacing. The cursor position auto increments after each character write. The bottom left of a character is placed at the cursor x,y. The M(odule) Busy line indicates the module is busy when high. Connect the H(ost) Busy input to the MBusy to disable handshaking. To send commands as hexadecimal, prefix the 2 bytes using character 60H.

Example: `10`3F'01 = Position dot x=64 y=1. To send character 60H to the display, send 60H twice. Please note that the module defaults to HEX Receive Mode.

Subject to change without notice. Software command syntax and port pin out Copyright 2006 Noritake Co. Limited

Doc Ref: 50329 Iss.2 18 March 2010

CONTACT

Noritake Sales Office Tel Nos Nagoya Japan: +81 (0)52-561-9867 Canada: +1-416-291-2946 Chicago USA: +1-847-439-9020 Munchen (D): +49 (0)89-3214-290 Itron UK: +44 (0)1493 601144 Rest Europe: +49 (0)61-0520-9220 www.noritake-itron.com

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.75	5.0	5.5	V	Vss=0V
Supply Current	Icc	-	250	290	mΑ	Vcc=5V All dots
Logic High Input	VIH	3.7	-	Vcc	V	Vss=0V
Logic Low Input	VIL	0	-	0.3	V	Vss=0V

ENVIRONMENTAL and OPTICAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Value
Display Area (XxY mm)	69.85 x 11.45
Dot Size/Pitch (XxY mm)	0.35 x 0.575 / 0.5 x 0.725
Luminance	700 cd/m ² Typ
Colour of Illumination	Blue-Green (Filter for colours)
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Operating Humidity (non condensing)	10 to 90% @ 25°C

SOFTWARE COMMAND SUMMARY

Command Type	Description							
Cursor Move	ASCII commands for Back Space, Horizontal Tab, Line Feed, Home,							
	Vertical Tab, Carriage Return and Cursor Position							
Character Write	Display a character from the selected font and increments the cursor according to the write mode.							
Graphic Write	Write graphical data directly to a display area in vertical orientation. It is important to disable Hex receive mode. Set or clear individual pixels.							
Area Control	Set, clear, invert and outline an area of the display for easy creation of highlights and menu screens.							
Window Control	Pre-define 2 areas of the display as windows in which commands and							
	data for scroll, flash, wipe and pattern are active.							
Scroll	Vertically or horizontally scroll data in either direction within an area							
	defined by window 1. Space padding, speed and repeat options.							
Flash / Wipe	Flash selected window's contents. / Perform a wipe action on the							
	selected window with predefined user patterns / wallpaper.							
Font Select	Select proportional mini font, fixed spaced 5x7 font, fixed spaced 10x14							
	font. Use the extended font command for 7x15 font or advanced settings.							
Brightness	Set the display brightness. Level = F8H - FFH. F8H = display off. F9H =							
	minimum, FFH = maximum (default). Auto-fade to a defined level.							
Power On/Off	Turn on VFD power supply (default)/Turn off VFD power supply (display's							
	contents will be preserved). Current consumption is about 25mA.							

GU140x16G-K610A7

SOFTWARE COMMANDS

Instruction	Data Format	Description
Back Space	08H	Non destructive backspace. Cursor is moved left by the width of the currently select font. If the cursor is at the
(50µs)		left end of the display, no cursor movement is made.
Horizontal Tab	09H	Cursor is moved right by the width of the currently select font. If the cursor is at the end of the display, no cursor movement is made.
Line Feed (50µs)	0AH	Moves the cursor down by the height of the currently selected font. If the cursor is at the bottom of the display, no cursor movement is made.
Home (50us)	ОВН	Moves the cursor horizontal position to 00H, the vertical positioning is dependent on the currently selected font, allowing for immediate character writing in the top-left corner of the display.
Vertical Tab	0CH	Moves the cursor up one character row. If the cursor is at the top of the top end of the display, no cursor movement is made.
Carriage Return	0DH	Moves the cursor horizontal position to 00H. The vertical position is unchanged.
Clear EOL (2.5ms)	0EH	Clear all characters from the current cursor position to the end of the display.
Test (50µs)	0FH	Place module into self-test mode. The module will repetitively show a few test screens. The test mode will stop on the next received byte.
Cursor Position	10H + xpos + ypos	Set the cursor position.
Set Area (50us + 1ms [last byte])		Fill specified area. All dots within the specified area are illuminated. Please note that the cursor position is affected with this command.
Clear Area (50us + 1ms [last byte])	12H + xleft + ytop + xright + ybot	Clear specified area. All dots within the specified area are cleared. Please note that the cursor position is affected with this command.
Invert Area (50us + 1ms [last byte])	13H + xleft + ytop + xright + ybot	Invert specified area. All dots within the specified area are inverted. Please note that the cursor position is affected with this command.
Set Outline (50us + 1ms [last byte])	14H + xleft + ytop + xright + ybot	Draw box outline. All dots within the specified outline are unchanged. Please note that the cursor position is affected with this command.
Clear Outline (50us + 1ms [last byte])	15H + xleft + ytop + xright + ybot	Clear box outline. All dots within the specified outline are unchanged. Please note that the cursor position is affected with this command.
Set Pixel	16H	Illuminate a single pixel at the current cursor position.
Clear Pixel	17H	Clear a single pixel at the current cursor position.
Graphic Write (50us + 250us [each data byte])	18H + len + data	Write graphical data, length <i>len</i> , direct to display. Each graphic data byte is displayed vertically with MSB at the top, see write mode command (1AH) for cursor movements.
Reset (500us)	19H	Resets display to power-on defaults: - Display is cleared. 5x7 font selected. Write Mode = 00H Brightness Level = 7. VFD Power = On.
Write Mode (50us)	1AH + data	Bit 6 = cursor movement - 0 = horizontal, 1 = vertical (default = horizontal) Bit 5 = cursor direction - 0 = forward, 1 = backwards (default = forwards)
		Bit 4 = underscore cursor - 0 = off, 1 = on (default = off) Bit 3 = underscore cursor - 0 = static, 1 = flash (default = static)
		Bit 1/0 = pen type - 00 = overwrite, 01 = AND, 02 = OR, 03 = XOR (default = overwrite)
Brightness (50us)	1BH + level	Set the display brightness. level = F8H - FFH. F8H = display off. F9H = minimum, FFH = maximum (default).
Checksum (50us)	1BH + 43H	All data received is added to the checksum. This command will read the lower 8-bits of that checksum, before being cleared. Please note that the checksum is cleared when executing the test mode.
Power On/Off (50us)	1BH + 50H / 46H	50H = Turn on VFD power supply (default). 46H = Turn off VFD power supply, display's contents will be preserved.
Hex/Binary Mode	1BH + 48H / 42H	48H = Enable hex receive mode, character 60H is interpreted as a hexadecimal prefix. 42H = Disable hex receive mode. Hex mode is enabled at power up.
Select Font (50us)	1CH / 1DH / 1EH	Select font. 1CH = proportional mini font. 1DH= fixed spaced 5x7 font. 1E = fixed spaced 10x14 font.
Graphic Area Write (50us + 250us [each data byte])	1FH + xl + yt + xr + yb + data	Write graphic data within defined area. Each graphic data byte is displayed vertically with MSB at the top, see write mode command (1AH) for cursor movements.
Hex Prefix (50µs + 50us + command BUSY)	60H + dhH + dlH	Write to the display module using a 2-byte hexadecimal number. dhH = high nibble, dlH = low nibble. E.g. Sending `19 will reset the display.
Character Write (500us)	20H - FFH	Display character from selected font.
Window 1 Select (50us)	1BH + 80H	Select window 1 so that window and area command functions operate on the underlying data or text scroll.
Window 2 Select (50us)	1BH + 81H	Select window 2 so that window and area command functions operate on the underlying data.
Window Define (50us + 60us[last byte])	1BH + 82H +x/+yt+xr+yb	Define window co-ordinates.
Window Mode (50us)	1BH + 83H + mode	Set window mode: - 00H = Invert, 01H = Clear, 02H = Fill, 03H = Pattern.
Window Show (50us)	1BH + 84H	Make selected window visible.
Window Kill (50us)	1BH + 85H	Destroy selected window. Any scroll, flash and wipe effects will be stopped.
Window Flash (50us)	1BH + 86H + no	Flash selected window's underlying data. Flash type depends on window's write mode. no = number of flashes. FFH = infinite, 00H = stop flashing.
Window Flash Speed	1BH + 87H + speed	Set flash rate of selected window: -
(50us)		$0 = \sim 15 \text{ms}$ $1 = \sim 30 \text{ms}$ $2 = \sim 45 \text{ms}$ $3 = \sim 100 \text{ms}$
		4 = ~150ms 5 = ~200ms 6 = ~250ms 7 = ~350ms
		8 = ~500ms 9 = ~750ms 10 = ~1.0sec 11 = ~1.5sec 11 = ~2.0sec 13 = ~2.5sec 14 = ~3.0sec 15 = ~3.5sec
		Speed bits 4-7 = flash on duration, bits 0-3 = flash off duration.
		Default speed = 88H (500ms on, 500ms off).

GU140x16G-K610A7

Mindon Mindon	4DII - 00II - min-	Durform with a self-result to a self-result of the							
Window Wipe Effect	1BH + 88H + wipe	Perform a wipe action on the selected window's underlying data: -							
(Sous)		00H = left to right cover 01H = right to left cover							
		02H = top to bottom cover 03H = bottom to top cover							
		04H = left to right uncover 05H = right to left uncover							
		06H = top to bottom uncover 07H = bottom to top uncover							
		08H = horizontal centre to edge cover 09H = horizontal edge to centre uncover							
		0AH = vertical centre to edge cover 0BH = vertical edge to centre uncover							
	1511 2011	Note: All uncover wipes will alter the window co-ordinates.							
Window Wipe Speed	1BH + 89H + speed	Set the wipe effect speed (pixels per second) for the selected window.							
(30ds)		00H = halt wipe							
		01H = ~17Hz							
		05H = ~87Hz							
		09H = ~157Hz							
		**** ==****							
W. 1 B 0 l	1011 0011	The wipe effect duration depends upon the size of the window. Default speed = 04H (~70Hz).							
Window Pattern Select	1BH + 8DH + pat	Select pre-defined pattern (00H-0FH) for window: -							
(3003)									
Window Pattern Data	1BH + 8EH + data	A user 4CutC mixed pattern (20 hutes) see he defined for the collected window.							
(50us)	1BH + 8EH + data	A user 16x16 pixel pattern (32 bytes) can be defined for the selected window. All data should be in vertical format with D7 uppermost.							
, ,	4DII - 05II	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Window Pattern Option (50us)	1BH + 8FH + option	Window Pattern Options: -							
(3003)		Bit 3 = invert pattern data.							
		Bit 2 = pattern alignment on / off.							
		Bit 1 = pattern align with top(1) or bottom(0) of window.							
		Bit 0 = pattern align with left(1) or right edge of window. Default option = 00H (pattern alignment off & not inverted).							
0 117 (1 147)	1011 0011 1								
Scroll Text In Window 1 (50us + no of data bytes * 50us	1BH + 90H + mode + no + data	Scroll text data within area defined by window 1.							
[last byte])		mode bits 1&0 = direction: -							
		00 = Scroll Up 01 = Scroll Down 10 = Scroll Left 11 = Scroll Right							
		mode bit 4 = scroll window's contents (yes/no)							
		mode bit 5 = pad end of text with spaces (yes/no) no = repeat number (00H = infinite)							
		data = text to be scrolled with 00H = end of text. Use 0DH for multi-line scrolling messages.							
0 11 0 1	4DII - 04II	Up to 8 rows of text can be scrolled horizontally.							
Scroll Speed (50us)	1BH + 91H + speed	Set window 1 scroll speed (pixels per second): -							
(3003)		00H = halt scroll							
		01H = ~35Hz							
0.1.15.1.15.1	4D11 0011 6 4	*Horizontal scroll only. Default speed = 02H (~70Hz).							
Select Extended Font (50us)	1BH + 98H + font	Select extended font: -							
(30ds)		bits 0-2 = font number: -							
		00H = 5x5 ASCII mini font. 01H = 5x7 ASCII font. 02H = 10x14 ASCII font.							
		03H = 7x15 ASCII font. $04H = 5x7$ Cyrillic font. $05H = 10x14$ Cyrillic font.							
		bit 3 = proportional / fixed spacing. 1 = proportional, 0 = fixed.							
Drow Line (55	1DH - 0AH - v - · ·	bits 4-6 = horizontal font spacing 1-8 pixels, where 000 = 1 pixel through to 111 = 8 pixels.							
Draw Line (50us)	1BH + 9AH + x + y	Draws line from current cursor position to specified x, y. Cursor position is updated to x, y.							
Auto Fade (50us)	1BH + 9CH + level	Perform automatic fade to a defined level.							
(5045)		Bits 0-2 = luminance level, where 000 = off through to 111 = 100%.							
0 15 :	4BH 0EH 4:	Bits 4-5 = speed, where 00 = fast through to 11 = slow.							
Command Delay (50us + delay [last byte])	1BH + 9FH + <i>delay</i>	Delay any pending commands: -							
(Jous + delay [last byte])		00H = wait for display scan to finish.							
		01H-F0H = multiple of 10ms delay period (10ms to 2.5 seconds).							
		F8H = wait for Scroll to finish.							
		FAH = wait for Window 1 Flash to finish.							
		FBH = wait for Window 2 Flash to finish.							
		FCH = wait for Window 1 Wipe to finish.							
1		FDH = wait for Window 2 Wipe to finish.							
		Note: If scroll or flash is set to infinite repeat, the delay is ignored.							

Important Notes: - Busy times are not inclusive of a 100us scan period, this must be taken into consideration. If the cursor is enabled, busy times will increase by a further 50us. All coordinates are absolute. The origin (00H, 00H) is the top left of the display. All data shown is in hexadecimal format. The Back Space (08H) command is disabled when using proportional font.

GU140x16G-K610A7

GU140x16G-K610A7 SETUP

Interface selection / set-up can be made using the jumper links on CON2 as shown in the following table.

	Asynchronous Settings											
J3	J2	J1	JO	Configuration								
0	0	0	L	9600,N,8,1								
0	L	0	L	19200,N,8,1								
L	0	0	L	38400,N,8,1								
L	L	0	L	76800,N,8,1								
0	0	١	┙	9600, E,8,1								
0	L	L	L	19200, E,8,1								
L	0	L	L	38400, E,8,1								
L	L	Ĺ	Ĺ	76800. E.8.1								

	Synchronous Settings											
J3	J2	J1	JO	Configuration								
0	0	0	0	SPI, Rising, D7-D0*								
L	0	0	0	SPI, Rising, D0-D7								
0	L	0	0	SPI, Falling, D7-D0								
L	L	0	0	SPI, Falling, D0-D7								
Χ	0	L	0	I2C								

		Te	est Sett	ings
Х	L	L	0	Test Mode

Data Receive Mode									
J4	Configuration								
0	Buffer*								
L	Packet								

L = Linked O = Open X = Ignored * Default

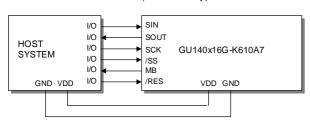
RESET TIMING

The module is reset when a low-level signal is applied to the /RES line. This will cause the Module to clear the display, initialise the communication settings and set all power-up defaults. During this initialisation period, the user must delay any transmission to the module.

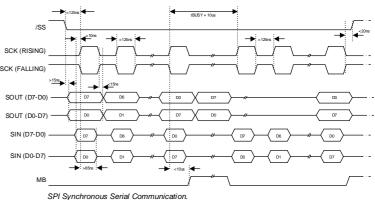


SYNCHRONOUS SERIAL COMMUNICATION (SPI)

With synchronous communications enabled, data can be clocked into the VFD module using the rising or falling edge of SCK. This is selectable by jumper links on CON2. By default, data is clocked in on the rising edge with the most significant bit sent first. The host must provide adequate delays for the module to process the data. These busy times are specified in the software command section. Alternatively the host can monitor the MB (Module Busy) line.

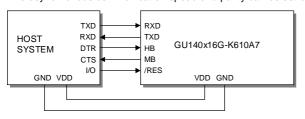


The /SS pin can be used as an enable pin if other devices are connected to the SPI bus. The use of the /SS line is optional, and can be permanently pulled low if not required. This is not recommended since /SS ensures synchronisation of the SPI bus.

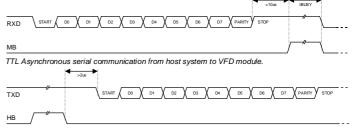


ASYNCHRONOUS SERIAL COMMUNICATION

The asynchronous communication speed and parity can be set by jumper links on CON2.



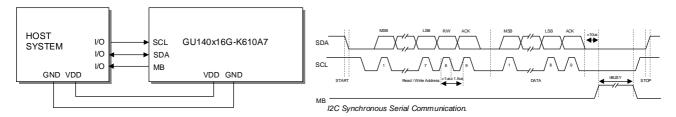
The host busy line (HB) stops the module from sending data to the host until the line falls. The use of the HB and MB lines are optional, and can be connected together if not required.



GU140x16G-K610A7

12C COMMUNICATION

The I2C interface operates as a slave either in 'slave receive' or 'slave transmit' mode with a fixed write address of 70H and a fixed read address of 71H. A START condition is signaled by driving SDA low while SCL is high. A STOP condition is signaled by driving SDA high while SCL is high. After a START condition is detected followed by the write address, the command / data bytes are stored in the serial / packet buffer (command data must not exceed buffer size). The module will pull SDA low during the 9th clock cycle of a data transfer to acknowledge the receipt of a byte. Additional data may be sent after an adequate delay for the module to process the data providing the host receives an Ack. If the host has not detected an Ack the data transfer must be started again by providing a STOP and START condition and write address. When a read command is sent the requested data is buffered, then an I2C packet must be sent with the read address to read the command / data byte(s). The host can monitor the MB (Module Busy) line to provide adequate delays.



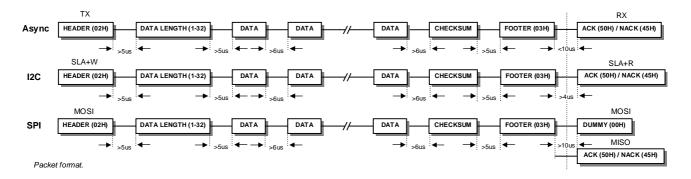
The SCL and SDA lines are internally pulled up with 10K resistors.

SERIAL BUFFER

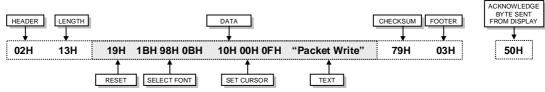
The module uses a 256-byte serial receive buffer. This buffer is used with all of the available communication modes. Any data transmitted from the display module due to a read request, will be preceded with an identification character. Character 43H ('C') precedes checksum data bytes.

PACKET MODE

The packet mode offers a more secure communication for display writing. The packet mode can be used with any of the available serial communication modes. The packet mode can be enabled using the jumper links on CON2. Up to 32-bytes of data can be sent to the display module, encapsulated with a header (02H) and footer (03H) byte. The length of the packet should follow the header byte. An 8-bit checksum is used to validate the data. This checksum is the sum of the data bytes. The display acknowledges the packet with a 50H ('P') code for successful transfer, or a 45H ('E') for a data error.



Example asynchronous packet transfer: -

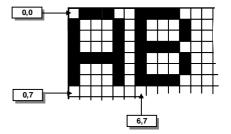


If an error occurs, the display module will discard the data, the host should then re-send the entire packet. If the packet is received correctly, then the data is placed within the 256-byte receive buffer. The receive buffer is enabled automatically when using packet mode.

GU140x16G-K610A7

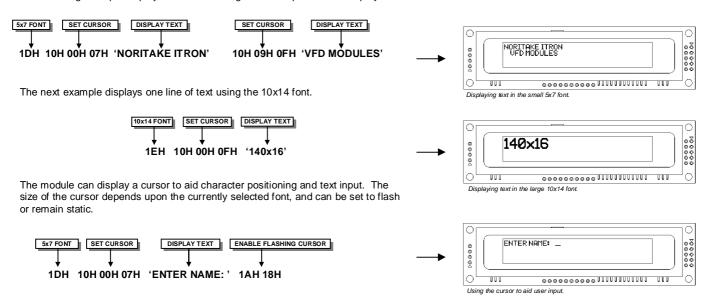
DISPLAYING TEXT

The module contains 3 font sizes, a proportional mini-font, 5x7 pixel, and a 10x14 pixel font. Characters of any size can be written to any part of the display. All data sent to the module from 20H to FFH is treated as character data. Characters are positioned above the current cursor position, see Fig1. Each character written will include a one pixel space on the right side of the character. After each character is written to the display, the cursor position is automatically advanced. If the cursor position reaches the end of the display, the host must reposition to the next line.



Cursor Positioning, example of writing 2 characters from cursor position 0,7.

The following example displays two text messages in the top left of the display.

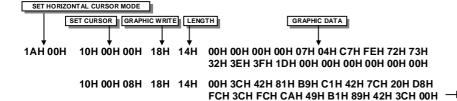


DISPLAYING GRAPHICS

Graphical images are displayed on the VFD module in vertical byte orientation. After each graphical data write, the cursor is automatically advanced, depending upon the direction selected in the 'Write Mode' command. The most significant bit is positioned to the top.

The following example displays a simple graphical image using vertical graphical data. The write mode is set to horizontal cursor movement. The cursor is positioned, then the top 20 bytes are sent using the graphic write command. The cursor is then repositioned to send the bottom 20 graphical bytes.





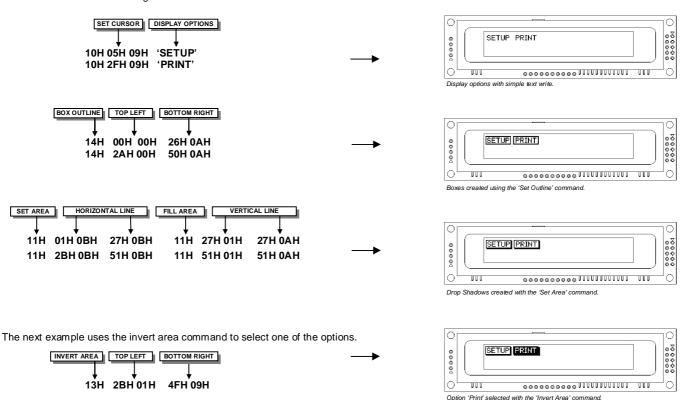
The graphic area write command 1FH uses top-left and bottom-right XY co-ordinates to define an area to which graphical data bytes will be written. Each graphic data byte is displayed vertically with MSB at the top and the cursor movement is set-up using the write mode command 1AH. Unused bits are masked where the screen area is not a byte multiple.

GU140x16G-K610A7

AREA COMMANDS

The VFD module contains commands to fill, clear and invert defined areas of the display. Also an outline command is available to draw rectangles around objects.

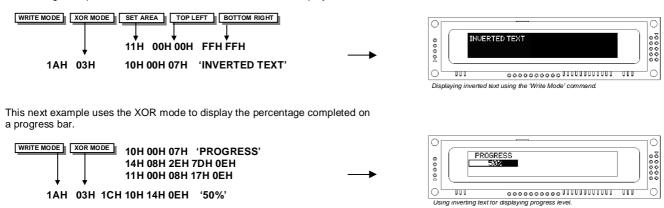
The following example displays three options for the user to select, each option is contained within a box with a shadow effect. Drawing horizontal and vertical line using the fill area command creates the shadow effect.



WRITE MODES

By default, display data that is overwritten will be cleared prior to displaying any new data. This display data can be maintained whilst writing by selecting the 'OR' mode with the 'Write Mode' command, this will effectively merge the old data with the new. The 'AND' write mode will only display written data if existing data is present on the display. The other 'Write Mode' is 'XOR' which can be useful for writing text on an inverted display.

The following example uses the XOR mode to write text on a full display.



GU140x16G-K610A7

USING THE CHECKSUM

All data written to the module is added to an internal checksum. The lower 8-bits of this checksum can be read at any time from the module by the host system to confirm accurate data transfer. It is up to the user if or when this feature should be used. The checksum is cleared at powerup and after each checksum read.

Example: Read checksum at power-up, or directly after it has been cleared.

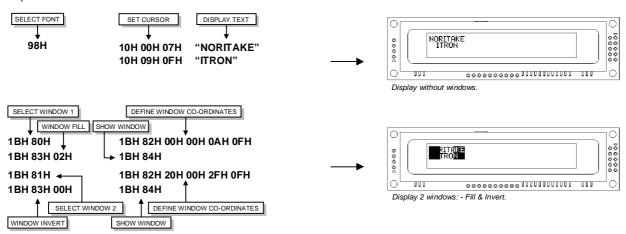


Example: Read checksum after data has been written to the display.



WINDOWS

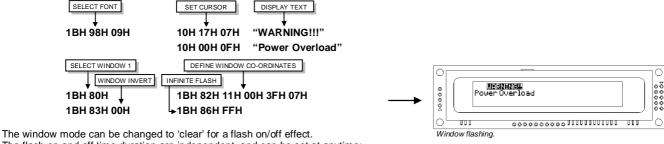
The user can create 2 independent windows which can manipulate underlying display information without changing the data stored in RAM. The window area can be filled with pattern data as well as flashing and wipe effects. Window 1 can be used for scrolling multi-line text. Window examples: -



FLASHING

The 2 windows can be utilized for display area flashing. The window flash speed and the flash amount are user-defined. The display's contents are preserved during the flash period. The flashing can also be stopped at any time.

Invert flash example: -



The flash on and off time duration are independent, and can be set at anytime: -

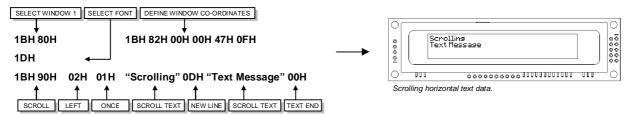


GU140x16G-K610A7

SCROLL

The module has the ability to scroll multi-line text within any area of the display defined by window 1. Text can be scrolled in a horizontal or vertical direction. The scroll operates independently from other commands, allowing display changes during the scroll effect. All scroll data is stored within a separate 256-byte buffer. Scrolls can be repeated a defined amount, and any font can be chosen. For multi-line scrolls, each line should be terminated by a carriage return code (0DH). A maximum of 8-lines can be scrolled horizontally.

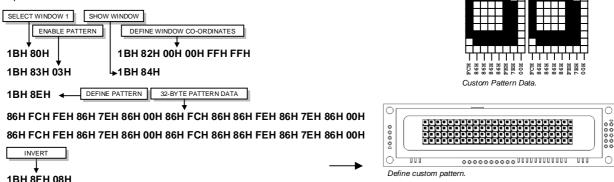
Scroll example: -



PATTERNS

One of 16 pre-defined pattern designs can be selected, and each window can have a uniquely associated pattern. Each pattern consists of 16x16 pixels and can be aligned to the top-left, top-right, bottom-left or bottom-right corner of the window. The pattern data can be inverted (negative image) if required. A user defined pattern can also be created for each window.

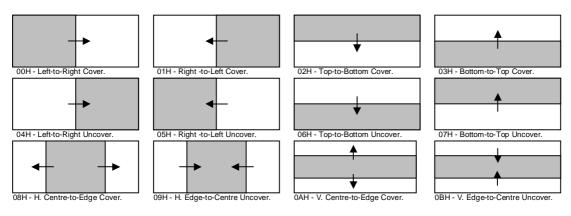




WIPE EFFECTS

The wipe commands modify the window co-ordinates to cover or uncover the display data. The display data is retained when using any of the wipes. The wipe effects operate independently from other commands, allowing display changes during the effect. The time duration of the wipe effect is dependant upon the defined wipe speed and the window size. The window mode is used to select the wipe fill type - Clear, Fill, Invert or Pattern. A curtain effect can be created using a pattern wipe with the align feature, the pattern data will scroll in unison with the wipe.

There are 12 wipe actions to choose from: -



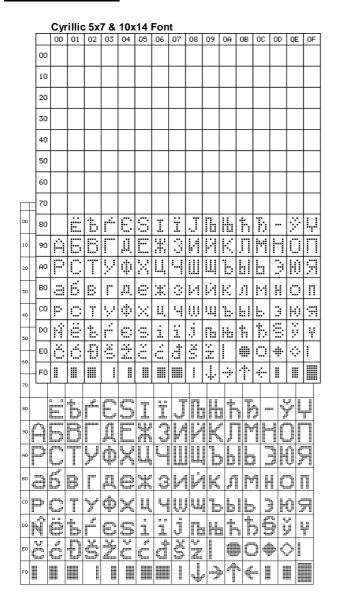
GU140x16G-K610A7

Wipe examples: -SELECT WINDOW 1 DEFINE WINDOW CO-ORDINATES 00000 1BH 80H 1BH 82H 00H 00H FFH FFH 1BH 83H 03H 1BH 88H 02H ENABLE WIPE PATTERN START WIPE DOWN EFFECT CHANGE WIPE PATTERN LOCK PATTERN TO BOTTOM OF WINDOW 1BH 8DH 07H 1BH 8FH 06H 0 Change pattern. SELECT 7x15 FONT DISPLAY TEXT SET CURSOR 0 ↓ 1DH 10H 00H 07H "Welcome to" 00000 10H 00H 0FH "Noritake Itron" 1BH 88H 07H 0

UNCOVER WIPE EFFECT

GU140x16G-K610A7

ADDITIONAL FONTS



	Sta	nda	ard	7x′	15 F	on	t									
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	OB	OC.	OD	0E	OF
00																
10																
20			11	#	\$	%	Ĉ;	7	()	*	+	,			7
30	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	==	>	?
40	(<u>@</u>)	H		C	D	E	-	G	Н	I	J	K	<u> </u>	M	N	
50		Q	R	5	T	U	V	Ы	Х	Ы	Z		.]	Ē	
60	p	а		С	d	⊜	Ĵ	9	h	İ	j	K		m	n	О
70		q	-	5	ļ.	u	\supset	IJ	×	y	Z	الليبال]	Ē	¥
80		Ó	`-	1	Ŀ	(N	-	Ó	€	h	Θ	ļ	TT.	Ţ	Ф	ω
90	\subseteq	Ω		×		О	़	E	<u></u>	<u>`</u>	;z:	Ţ	0	ſ	00	
AO		i	¢	Ç	S	JJ.	1	.*	((3)	9	+			,	
во		1	2	3	<u> </u>	4	4.7 76	#	4-	- þ -	#	0	«;	ø.	<u> </u>	į
со	À	Á	Ä	Ā	Ä	Ä	Æ	Ç	Ė	É	Ē		1	Í	Ī	Ϊ
DO	Đ	N	Ò	Ó	Ö	Ō	Ö	×	Ø	Ù	Ú			Ý		β
ΕO	40	ä	HT	ā	ä	ä	æ	Ç	ė	ė	Ē	Ë	;·==	ĺ	Ī	ï
FO	Ó	m	Ò	Ó	Ō	Ō	Ö		Ø	Ù	Ú	Ū	Ü	ġ	þ	ÿ